

- 1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-17, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 51, 91-119, 128-131, 135, 204 and 210;
  - (b) complements of the sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-17, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 51, 91-119, 128-131, 135, 204 and 210;
  - sequences that hybridize to a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-17, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 51, 91-119, 128-131, 135, 204 and 210, under moderately stringent conditions;
  - (d) sequences having at least 75% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-17, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 51, 91-119, 128-131, 135, 204 and 210;
  - (e) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-17, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 51, 91-119, 128-131, 135, 204 and 210; and
  - (f) degenerate variants of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-17, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 51, 91-119, 128-131, 135, 204 and 210.

An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) sequences encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1; and
- (b) sequences having at least 70% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1;
- (c) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleptide of claim 1; and
- (d) sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 181-203, 207-209 and 211-224.
  - 3. An isolated antigenic epitope of a *B. microti* antigen comprising

the amino acid sequence  $-X_1-X_2-X_3-X_4-X_5$ -Ser-, wherein  $X_1$  is Glu or Gly,  $X_2$  is Ala or Thr,  $X_3$  is Gly or Val,  $X_4$  is Trp or Gly and  $X_5$  is Pro or Ser.

- 4. An isolated antigenic epitope according to claim 3 wherein  $X_1$  is Glu,  $X_2$  is Ala and  $X_3$  is Gly.
- 5. An isolated antigenic epitope according to claim 3 wherein  $X_1$  is Gly,  $X_2$  is Thr and  $X_5$  is Pro.
- 6. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least two contiguous antigenic epitopes according to claim 3.
- 7. An isolated antigenic epitope of a *B. microti* antigen comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:36 and 39.
- 8. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least two contiguous antigenic epitopes according to any one of claims 3 and 7.
- 9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked to an expression control sequence.
- 10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.
- 11. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a polypeptide of claim 2.

12. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 2.

13. A fusion protein comprising a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEO ID NO:32.

The fusion protein of claim 13 further comprising a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:52.

15. A fusion protein comprising at least two antigenic epitopes according to any one of claims 3 and 7.

16. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to any one of claims 2, 6 and 8, and at least one antigenic epitope according to any one of claims 3 and 7.

17. An oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-17, 37, 40, 42, 45, 50, 51, 91-119, 128-131, 135, 204 and 210 under moderately stringent conditions.

A composition comprising a first component selected from the group consisting of physiologically acceptable carriers and immunostimulants, and a second component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) polypeptides according to any one of claims 2, 6 and 8;
- (b) polynucleotides according to claim 1;
- (c) antibodies according to claim 11; and
- (d) fusion proteins according to any one of claims 13, 16 and 36.
- 19. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 18.
- 20. A method for the treatment of *B. microti* infection in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 18.

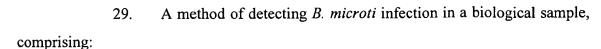
- 21. A method for determining *B. microti* infection in a patient, comprising the steps of:
  - (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
  - (b) contacting the biological sample with an oligonucleotide according to claim 18;
  - (c) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and
  - (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining *B. microti* infection in the patient.
- 22. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one oligonucleotide according to claim 18.
- 23. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one antibody according to claim 5 and a detection reagent, wherein the detection reagent comprises a reporter group.
- 24. A method for detecting *B. microti* infection in a patient, comprising the steps of:
  - (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
  - (b) contacting the biological sample with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide of claim 2;
  - (c) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
  - (e) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value and therefrom determining *B. microti* infection in the patient.
    - 25. A method for detecting B. microti infection in a patient,

comprising:

- (a) obtaining a sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the sample with at least one antigenic epitope according to any one of claims 3 and 7; and
- (c) detecting the presence of antibodies that bind to the antigenic epitope.
- 26. A method for detecting *B. microti* infection in a patient, comprising:
  - (a) obtaining a sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the sample with at least one polypeptide according to any one of claims 2, 6 and 8; and
  - (c) detecting the presence of antibodies that bind to the polypeptide.
- 27. A method for detecting *B. microti* infection in a patient, comprising:
  - (a) obtaining a sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the sample with at least one polypeptide according to any one of claims 2, 6 and 8, and at least one antigenic epitope according to any one of claims 3 and 7; and
- (c) detecting the presence of antibodies that bind to the polypeptide or antigenic epitope.
- 28. A method for detecting *B. microti* infection in a patient, comprising:
  - (a) obtaining a sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the sample with a fusion protein according to any one of claims 13, 16 and 36; and
  - (c) detecting the presence of antibodies that bind to the fusion protein.

and

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- (a) contacting the biological sample with a first binding agent which is capable of binding to a polypeptide according to any one of claims 2, 6 and 8, and a second binding agent which is capable of binding to an antigenic epitope according to any one of claims 3 and 7; and
- (b) detecting in the sample a polypeptide that binds to the first binding agent or an antigenic epitope that binds to the second binding agent, thereby detecting *B. microti* infection in the biological sample.
- 30. The method of claim 29 wherein the binding agent is a monoclonal antibody.
- 31. The method of claim 29 wherein the binding agent is a polyclonal antibody.
  - 32. A diagnostic kit comprising
  - (a) at least one polypeptide according to any one of claims 2, 6 and 8;
  - (b) a detection reagent.
    - 33. A diagnostic kit comprising:
- (a) at least one antigenic epitope according to any one of claims 3 and 7; and
  - (b) a detection reagent.
  - 34. A diagnostic kit comprising:
  - (a) at least one antigenic epitope according to any one of claims 3 and
    - (b) at least one polypeptide according to any one of claims 2, 6 and 8;



and

- (c) a detection reagent.
- 35. A fusion protein comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 85, 87, 144 and 211.

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A diagnostic kit comprising:

(a) at least one fusion protein according to any one of claims

13, 16 and 35; and

(b) a detection reagent.